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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO FILING DATE APPLICATION NO. C 4948-2FCIP 01/26/00 DARDER 09/491,624 **EXAMINER** HM22/0319 Thomas C. Pontani Esquire **ART UNIT** PAPER NUMBER Cohen Pontani Lieberman & Pavane 1615

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DATE MAILED: 03/19/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary				
		09/491,624	DARDER, CARLOS PICORNELL	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Amy E Pulliam	1615	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app ars on the cov r she t with the correspondence address				
Period for Reply				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 5	<u>lanuary 2000</u> .		
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.		
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claims are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to by the Examiner.				
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved.				
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. \$ 119				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. \$ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☒ None of:				
1.X Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.				
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).				
Attachment(s)				
15) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).				
16) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 17) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 20) ☐ Other:			Patent Application (PTO-152)	

Art Unit: 1615

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 6-16, and 18-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over European Application 519 144 A1 to Tanberk et al.. Tanberk et al. disclose a method for producing pellets containing omeprazole, which is a benzimidazole. Tanberk et al. teach that the basic process consists of preparing an inert core, coating the inert core with an active layer, coating it with a protective coating layer, and lastly coating it with an enteric coating (p 2, I 34-37). More specifically, Tanberk et al. teach that the inert core contains saccharose, starch and glucose (p 2.1 41-43). The active substance (omprazole), in combination with additives such as HPMC, sodium lauryl sulfate, and lactose, is then dispersed in an aqueous solution and sprayed onto the inert pellets (p 2, I 50-58). The active coated pellets are then coated with a layer of excipients, by spraying an aqueous dispersion of HPMC onto the active coated pellets (p 3, I 1-16). Lastly, the enteric coating is applied by spraying a solution. of enteric polymer, such as HPMC phthalate, onto the already coated pellets (p 3, I 18-25). Tanberk et al. teach their formulation and process of making using a core and three coating layers, wherein applicant claims two coating layers. However, Tanberk et

Art Unit: 1615

al. teach the same inert core ingredients, the same active ingredient, as well as the same well known excipients, and enteric polymer throughout the formulation. It is the position of the examiner that the product and process taught by Tanberk et al. render applicant's claims obvious, as one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to use the teachings of Tanberk et al. to create a successful coated particle pharmaceutical formulation. The expected result would be a successful antiulcer formulation. Therefore, this invention as a whole would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 6-16, and 18-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over European Application 773 025 A1 to Ballester Rodes *et al.*. Ballester Rodes *et al.* teach a new formulation comprising benzimidazol compounds. More specifically, Ballester Rodes *et al.* teach coated an inert sugar/ starch core with a first layer consisting of the benzimidazole compound and additives, followed by another coating of a water soluble polymer such as HPMC, followed by a last coating of an enteric polymer, plasticizers, and talc (p 3, I 12-45). Ballester Rodes *et al.* disclose the generic teaching of coating an inert sugar/starch core with an active layer, as well as an enteric coating layer. Ballester Rodes *et al.* teaches their formulation and process of making using a core and three coating layers, wherein applicant claims two coating layers. However, Ballester Rodes teaches the same inert core ingredients, the same active ingredient, as well as the same well known excipients, and enteric polymer

Art Unit: 1615

throughout the formulation. It is the position of the examiner that the product and process taught by Ballester Rodes *et al.* render applicant's claims obvious, as one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to use the teachings of Ballester Rodes *et al.* to create a successful coated particle pharmaceutical formulation. The expected result would be a successful antiulcer formulation. Therefore, this invention as a whole would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Claims 1-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanberk et al. OR Ballester Rodes et al. as discussed above and further in view of European Specification 244 380 B1 to Lovgren et al.. Tanberk et al. and Ballester Rodes et al. are described above as teaching a pharmaceutical dosage form comprising coated cores, wherein the coatings include applicant's claimed active, excipients, and enteric coating layer. Neither Tanberk et al. or Ballester Rodes et al. teach combining the active agent with an alkaline reaction compound, as specified by applicant in claims 5 and 17. Lovgren et al. teach a pharmaceutical formulation containing benzimidazole compounds. More specifically, Lovgren et al. teach a core comprising the active agent and acceptable excipients. The core is then coated with a separating or subcoating layer, followed by an enteric coating layer, each of which comprise pharmaceutically acceptable excipients. Lovgren et al. is relied upon for the teaching on page 5, lines 39-42. Lovgren et al. teach that pharmaceutical dosage forms of acid labile substances (such as benzimidazoles) must also contain alkaline reacting constituents, in order to

Art Unit: 1615

enhance storage stability. Therefore, it is the position of the examiner that one of ordinary skill in this art would have been motivated to combine an alkaline reacting substance with the active benzimidazole containing layer in the Ballester Rodes formulation, in order to enhance stability. The two disclosures are related, as both teach a multicoated formulation comprising benzimidazole. Therefore, this invention as a whole would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amy E Pulliam whose telephone number is (703) 308-4710. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thurman K Page can be reached on (703) 308-2927. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7922 for regular communications and (703) 308-7922 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1234.

